

SAFETY DATA SHEET 9Ct. STRIPPING SALTS

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	9Ct. STRIPPING SALTS	
Product number	089006, 089008, 998 149, TS118	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Metal surface treatment	
1.3. Details of the supplier of	of the safety data sheet	
Supplier	PMD (UK) Limited Broad Lane Coventry CV5 7AY Tel: 024 764 666 91 Fax: 024 764 730 34 stevel@pmdgroup.co.uk	
1.4. Emergency telephone	number	
Emergency telephone	024 764 666 91 (Mon-Fri 8.30-17.00)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identi	ification	
2.1. Classification of the sul	bstance or mixture	
2.1. Classification of the sul Classification (EC 1272/200		
Classification (EC 1272/200	08)	
Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards	08) Not Classified Acute Tox. 2 - H300 Acute Tox. 1 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 STOT SE 1 - H370 STOT RE 1	
Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards Health hazards	Not Classified Acute Tox. 2 - H300 Acute Tox. 1 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 STOT SE 1 - H370 STOT RE 1 - H372	
Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards 2.2. Label elements Pictogram	Not Classified Acute Tox. 2 - H300 Acute Tox. 1 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 STOT SE 1 - H370 STOT RE 1 - H372	

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	 P260 Do not breathe dust. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Supplemental label information	EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.
Contains	POTASSIUM CYANIDE
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P391 Collect spillage. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
POTASSIUM CYANIDE		30-60%
CAS number: 151-50-8	EC number: 205-792-3	REACH registration number: 01- 2119486407-29-XXXX
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 10	
Classification		
Met. Corr. 1 - H290		
Acute Tox. 2 - H300		
Acute Tox. 1 - H310		
Acute Tox. 2 - H330		
STOT SE 1 - H370		
STOT RE 1 - H372		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		
POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE		30-60%
CAS number: 13943-58-3	EC number: 237-722-2	
Classification		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
The full text for all hazard statements	is displayed in Section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid measures		

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Remove affected person from source of contamination. Get medical attention.

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen.	
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from source of contamination. Give plenty of water to drink. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
Eye contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
Inhalation	Fatal if inhaled.	
Ingestion	Very toxic if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Toxic in contact with skin.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	stective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>s</u>	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Inform authorities if large amounts are involved.	
6.4. Reference to other section	ns	

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe han	dling	
Usage precautions	Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator.	
7.2. Conditions for safe stora	ge, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store away from the following materials: Acids. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 30°C.	
Storage class	Toxic storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters		
Occupational exposure limits		
POTASSIUM CYANIDE		
Long-term exposure limit (8-h	nour TWA): WEL 5(CN) mg/m³	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

POTASSIUM CYANIDE (CAS: 151-50-8)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.94 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 12.5 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.14 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 4.03 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 1 μg/l - Marine water; 0.2 μg/l - Intermittent release; 3.2 μg/l - STP; 50 μg/l - Sediment; 0.004 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0008 mg/kg - Soil; 0.007 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls





Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

splash goggles.

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Dust-resistant, chemical

Other skin and body protection

Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.	
Respiratory protection	Wear a suitable dust mask.	
SECTION 9: Physical and Che	emical Properties	
9.1. Information on basic phys	ical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Crystalline solid.	
Colour	Light (or pale). Yellow.	
Odour	Almond.	
рН	pH (diluted solution): >10 10%	
Melting point	Not known.	
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.	
9.2. Other information		
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	Inorganic cyanides.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with acids. Generates very toxic gas in contact with acid.	
	Avoid contact with acids. Generates very toxic gas in contact with acid.	
10.5. Incompatible materials 10.6. Hazardous decomposition	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Toxic gases/vapours/fumes of: Hydrogen cyanide (HCN).	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	8.61	
Acute toxicity - dermal	0.64	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	8.61	
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	172.12	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)		

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists	0.09
mg/l)	

Toxicological information on it	a ma dia nta
Medical symptoms	Cyanosis (blue tissue condition - nails, lips and/or skin).
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact
Acute and chronic health hazards	Gas or vapour is toxic or extremely irritating, even on brief exposure. Gas or vapour displaces oxygen available for breathing (asphyxiant). This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. Toxic through skin absorption (percutaneous). Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation. Exposure may cause: Unconsciousness. Death.
Eye contact	Severe irritation, burning and tearing.
Skin contact	Toxic through skin absorption (percutaneous).
Ingestion	Very toxic if swallowed. Unconsciousness, possibly death.
Inhalation	Very toxic by inhalation. Unconsciousness, possibly death.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

Inhalation	Very toxic by inhalation. Unconsciousness, possibly death.
Ingestion	Very toxic if swallowed. Unconsciousness, possibly death.
Skin contact	Toxic through skin absorption (percutaneous).
Eye contact	Severe irritation, burning and tearing.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Gas or vapour is toxic or extremely irritating, even on brief exposure. Gas or vapour displaces oxygen available for breathing (asphyxiant). This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. Toxic through skin absorption (percutaneous). Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation. Exposure may cause: Unconsciousness. Death.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact
Medical symptoms	Cyanosis (blue tissue condition - nails, lips and/or skin).
12: Ecological Information	

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

Ecological information on ingredients.

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)50	0.01 < L(E)C50 ≤ 0.1
M factor (Acute)	10
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.042 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.041 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
NOEC	0.0001 < NOEC ≤ 0.001
Degradability	Rapidly degradable
M factor (Chronic)	10
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Ecological information on ingredients.	

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

Persistence and	The product is biodegradable.
degradability	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ecological information on ingredients.

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

Mobility

The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods

React with sodium hypochlorite to destroy. Check that all cyanide has been destroyed with starch iodide paper. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1680
UN No. (IMDG)	1680
UN No. (ICAO)	1680
UN No. (ADN)	1680

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	POTASSIUM CYANIDE, SOLID
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	POTASSIUM CYANIDE, SOLID
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	POTASSIUM CYANIDE, SOLID

Proper shipping name (ADN) POTASSIUM CYANIDE, SOLID

ADR/RID	class	6.1	

ADR/RID classification code	Т5	
ADR/RID label	6.1	
IMDG class	6.1	
ICAO class/division	6.1	
ADN class	6.1	

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	I
IMDG packing group	I
ADN packing group	Ι
ICAO packing group	I

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation group	6. Cyanides
EmS	F-A, S-A
ADR transport category	1
Emergency Action Code	2X
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	66
Tunnel restriction code	(C/E)
14.7. Transport in bulk accordi	ng to Annex II of

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

MARPOL and the IBC Code

National regulations	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.
EU legislation	Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
15.2. Chemical safety asses	sment

SECTION 16: Other information

Key literature references and sources for data	Dangerous Properties of Industrial Chemicals, N.Sax, Croner's: Dangerous Substances. Croner's: Emergency Spillage Guide. Croner's: Substances Hazardous to Health. Material Safety Data Sheet, Misc. manufacturers.
Revision date	21/11/2017
Revision	6
Supersedes date	10/09/2015
Hazard statements in full	 H290 May be corrosive to metals. H300 Fatal if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H370 Causes damage to organs . H370 Causes damage to organs if inhaled. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.