

MacDermid Enthone

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET

LACOMIT STOPPING-OFF LACQUER

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : LACOMIT STOPPING-OFF LACQUER

Product code : 160058

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Lacquers.

Industrial applications.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: sdsuk@macdermid.com; regulatory.de@macdermid.com

Supplier : N

: MacDermid Performance Solutions UK Limited

198 Golden Hillock Road

Birmingham B11 2PN UK

Information contact : Tel (+44) 121 606 8100

ukcustomer.services@macdermid.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : UK NPIS 0344 892 0111 (Healthcare professionals only)

Supplier

Telephone number : Carechem24: (+44) 1865 407333; (+44) 1235 239 670 (across Europe)

Hours of operation : 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

<u>Classification according to UK CLP/GHS</u>

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. **Hazard statements**

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Response

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. **Storage**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, **Disposal**

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients xylene

acetone butan-1-ol

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

: Not applicable.

articles

Special packaging requirements

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB

1907/2006, Annex XIII

: None known.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene	CAS: 9003-22-9	≥10 - ≤25	STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
n-butyl acetate	EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
butan-1-ol	EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤1	Not classified.	[2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

If material has been ingested or inhaled, do not give mouth-to-mouth respiration.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

5/17

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water. Liquid will float and may reignite on surface of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Fire will produce dense black smoke.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The temperature range listed here will maintain the quality of the material during its specified shelf-life. Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : No specific measures identified.

Industrial sector specific : No specific measures identified.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). n-butyl acetate STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. butan-1-ol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed 1-methoxy-2-propanol through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

EU DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			'
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	'
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			'
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	'
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		'
	DNEL	Long term	200 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-
	DNEL	Long term	1210 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		_
	DNEL	Short term	2420 mg/	Workers	Local
1	1	ı	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DECTION 6. Exposure cont	.i Oi3/ p	ersonal prote	Ction		
		Inhalation	m³		
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
,			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	0.122	Long tonin oran	bw/day	population	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Demia			Systemic
	DAIEL	Ol	bw/day	population	C t ! -
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ü	population	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	- 119.7	· · · · =	, <u>-</u>
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	Joo mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINEL		300 mg/m		Systemic
	ראיבי	Inhalation	200 1 3	population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	D	Inhalation	000	10/	1 1
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	55.357 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	155 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVLE	Inhalation	o ro mg/m	WOINGIO	20001
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
i monoxy-z-propanoi	DIVLE	Long tomi Orai	bw/day	population	Cystoniio
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINEL		45.9 mg/m²		Oysicillic
	ראבי	Inhalation	70	population	Cuatara:a
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	ראיבי	Lamante December 1	bw/day	population	Cuatawa!a
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	D	ļ. ,	bw/day	14	
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	37.2 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	3	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	· -	,
	DNEL	Long term	308 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	500 mg/m		- , 5.5.1110

EU PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this chemical!

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: In splash contact: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyethylene/ethylene vinyl alcohol/polyethylene (PE/EVAL/PE) (thickness: 0.5 mm) Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection: multi-gas/vapour filter (organic vapour filter (Type A))

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

: Red. Pink [Transparent] Colour

: Solvent. **Odour**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Odour threshold** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Flash point

: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	207	404.6	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

pН Not applicable.

Kinematic: 160 to 200 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vap	re at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetone	180.01	24				

Evaporation rate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Relative density** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Density : 0.86 to 0.96 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Vapour density : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Explosive properties** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Oxidising properties : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

SAPT : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Version : 1.01 Date of issue/Date of revision : 24 August 2021 : 2 May 2023 Date of previous issue

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials, acids and alkalis.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
, , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not tested

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
LACOMIT STOPPING-OFF LACQUER	9801.5	3626.8	N/A	N/A	4.9
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	N/A	1.5
acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	_			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Cons. Madamata imitanat	D-LE:		04 5 00	
Eyes - Moderate Irritant	Rappit	-	24 nours 20	-
			mg	
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
			mg	
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
			mg	
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
			mg	
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
			mg	
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	•	-
			mg	
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	-
			mg	
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	•	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit - Rabbit -	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Mild irritant E

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not tested

Eyes : Not tested

Respiratory : Not tested

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not tested
Respiratory : Not tested

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not tested

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not tested

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Guppy - Poecilia reticulata Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Threespine stickleback - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Ecological testing has not been conducted on this product.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
LACOMIT STOPPING-OFF LACQUER	-	-	Not readily
xylene acetone 1-methoxy-2-propanol (2-methoxymethylethoxy)	- - -	-	Readily Readily Readily Readily
propanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	0.004	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

<u>Packaging</u>

Methods of disposal

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID : Special provisions 640 (C)

Tunnel code D/E

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
 Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

SECTION 14: Transport information

IATA

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable - not transported in bulk

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB) /REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture. placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - : Listed

Air

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - : Not listed

Water

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SECTION 16: Other information

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Lig. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

MacDermid Enthone SDS CLP Europe (transfer)